Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA

- (1) The payment was made without fault on the part of the producer; and
- (2) Requiring such repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience.
- (b) Unless an overpayment is otherwise recovered, or waived under paragraph (a) of this section, the Administrator (FAS), shall recover the overpayment as a debt following the procedures in 7 CFR part 3. The requirement for demand and notice and opportunity for a hearing under the debt collection procedures in 7 CFR part 3 shall satisfy the notice and hearing requirements under 19 U.S.C. 2401f(c), and the appeal procedures in §1580.505 of this part shall not apply to collection of overpayments

§ 1580.504 Debarment, suspension, and penalties.

- (a) Generally. The regulations governing Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement), 7 CFR part 3017, and Government Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Financial Assistance), 7 CFR part 3021, apply to this part.
- (b) Additional specific suspension and debarment provision for this program. In addition to any other debarment or suspension of a producer under paragraph (a) of this section, in connection with this program, if the Administrator (FAS) or a court of competent jurisdiction, determines that a pro-
- (1) Knowingly has made, or caused another to make, a false statement or representation of a material fact, or
- (2) Knowingly has failed, or caused another to fail, to disclose a material fact; and, as a result of such false statement or representation, or of such nondisclosure, such producer has received any payment under this program to which the producer was not entitled, the Administrator (FAS) shall suspend and debar such producer from any future payments under this program, as provided in 19 U.S.C. 2401f(b).
- (c) Criminal penalty. Whoever makes a false statement of a material fact knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, for the purpose of obtaining or increasing for himself or for any other producer any payments authorized to be furnished

under this program shall be fined not more that \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

§ 1580.505 Appeals.

- (a) A producer adversely affected by a determination with respect to their application for trade adjustment assistance under §1580.301 of this part or with respect to the receipt of technical assistance or payments under §1580.302 of this part may file a notice of appeal within 30 days of the date that the notification of the adverse determination was sent.
- (b) A producer may not seek judicial review of any adverse decision under this paragraph without receiving a final determination pursuant to this paragraph.

§ 1580.506 Judicial review.

Any producer aggrieved by a final agency determination under this part may appeal to the U.S. Court of International Trade for a review of such determination in accordance with its rules and procedures.

§1580.602 Paperwork Reduction Act assigned number.

The information collection requirements contained in this part have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35 and been assigned OMB control number 0551-0040.

1599—McGOVERN-DOLE INTERNATIONAL FOOD FOR EDU-CATION AND CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM

Sec.

1599.1 General statement.

1599.2 Definitions.

1599.3 Eligibility determination.

Application process. 1599.4

1599.5 Agreements.

1599.6 Payments.

Transportation of goods. 1599.7

Entry and handling of commodities. 1599.8

1599.9 Damage to or loss of commodities. 1599.10 Claims for damage to or loss of com-

modities. 1599.11 Use of commodities and sales pro-

ceeds.

1599.12 Subrecipients. 1599.13 Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

1599.14 Noncompliance with an agreement.

1599.15 Suspension, termination, and closeout of agreements.

1599.16 Appeals.

1599.17 Paperwork Reduction Act.

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 17360-1.

SOURCE: 74 FR 13072, Mar. 26, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

§1599.1 General statement.

(a) This part sets forth the general terms and conditions governing the donation of commodities by the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) to participants in the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program (McGovern-Dole Program). Under the McGovern-Dole Program, participants use the donated commodities, proceeds from the sale of such commodities, or funds provided by FAS to implement activities in a foreign country pursuant to an agreement with FAS. FAS administers the McGovern-Dole Program and acts on behalf of the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) in cases where the agreement is funded with CCC resources.

(b) In addition to the provisions of this part, other regulations of general application issued by the Department, including the regulations set forth in Chapter 30 of this title, are applicable to the McGovern-Dole Program. In cases where an agreement is funded with CCC resources, provisions of the CCC Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.) and any other statutory provisions that are generally applicable to CCC are applicable to McGovern-Dole Program and the regulations set forth in this part.

(c) This part shall not apply to a donation by FAS to a foreign government or an intergovernmental agency or organization (such as the United Nations' World Food Program) under the McGovern-Dole Program.

§ 1599.2 Definitions.

The following definitions are applicable to this part:

Activity means a project to be carried out by a participant, directly or through a subrecipient, to fulfill the objectives of an agreement.

Agreement means a legally binding agreement entered into between FAS and a participant to implement activities under the McGovern-Dole Program.

CCC means the Commodity Credit Corporation and includes any official of the United States delegated the responsibility to act on behalf of CCC.

Commodities mean U.S. agricultural commodities or products of U.S. agricultural commodities.

Donated commodities mean the commodities donated by FAS to a participant under an agreement. The term may include donated commodities that are used to produce a further processed product for use under the agreement.

FAS means the Foreign Agricultural Service of the United States Department of Agriculture.

FAS-provided funds means U.S. dollars provided under an agreement to a participant for expenses for the internal transportation, storage and handling of the donated commodities, expenses involved in the administration and monitoring of the activities under the agreement, and the costs of activities conducted in the targeted country that would enhance the effectiveness of the activities implemented by the participant under the McGovern-Dole Program.

Force majeure is a common clause in contracts, exempting the parties for non-fulfillment of their obligations as a result of conditions beyond their control, such as earthquakes, floods or war.

Income means interest earned on sale proceeds and other resources received by a participant, other than sale proceeds, as a result of carrying out an agreement. The term may include resources from VAT refunds, activity fees, interest on loans, and other sources.

McGovern-Dole Program means the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program.

Participant means an entity with which FAS has entered into an agreement.

Subrecipient means a legal entity that receives donated commodities, income, sale proceeds or other resources from a

participant for the purpose of implementing in the targeted country activities described in a McGovern-Dole Program agreement and that is accountable to such participant for the use of such commodities, funds, or resources. The term may include foreign or international organizations (such as agencies of the United Nations) at the discretion of FAS.

Sale proceeds mean funds received by a participant from the sale of donated commodities.

Targeted country means the country in which activities are implemented under an agreement.

§ 1599.3 Eligibility determination.

- (a) An entity will be eligible to become a participant only after FAS determines that the entity has:
- (1) Organizational experience in implementing and managing awards, and the capability and personnel to develop, implement, monitor, report on, and provide accountability for activities in accordance with this part;
- (2) Experience working in the proposed targeted country;
- (3) An adequate financial framework to implement the activities the entity proposes to carry out under McGovern-Dole Program. In order to determine whether the entity is financially responsible, FAS may require it to submit corporate policies and financial materials that have been audited or otherwise reviewed by a third party:
- (4) A person or agent located in the United States with respect to which service of judicial process may be obtained by FAS on behalf of the entity; and
- (5) An operating financial account in the proposed targeted country, or a satisfactory explanation for not having such an account and a description of how a McGovern-Dole Program agreement would be administered without such an account.
- (b) In determining whether an entity will be eligible to be a participant, FAS may consider the entity's previous compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of this part and part 1499 of this title. FAS may consider matters such as whether the entity corrected deficiencies in the implementation of an agreement in a timely

manner and whether the entity has timely and accurately filed reports and other submissions that are required to be filed with FAS and other agencies of the United States.

§ 1599.4 Application process.

- (a) An entity seeking to enter into an agreement with FAS shall submit an application, in accordance with this section, that sets forth its proposal to carry out activities under the McGovern-Dole Program in the proposed targeted country. An application shall contain the items specified in paragraph (b) of this section and shall be submitted electronically to FAS at the address set forth athttp:// www.fas.usda.gov. An entity that has not yet met the eligibility requirements in §1599.3 may submit an application, but FAS will not enter into an agreement with an entity until FAS had made a determination of eligibility under § 1599.3.
- (b) An applicant shall include the following items in its application:
- (1) A completed Form SF-424, which is a standard application for Federal assistance:
- (2) An introduction that contains the elements specified in paragraph (c) of this section; and
- (3) A plan of operation that contains the elements specified in paragraph (d) of this section.
 - (c) The introduction shall include:
- (1) An explanation of the need for food aid in the targeted country and how the applicant's proposed activities would address that need;
- (2) An explanation of the need for a school feeding program in the targeted country and information regarding:
- (i) The country's current school feeding operations, if they exist, the length and sessions of a typical school year, and current funding resources; and
- (ii) Teacher training, parent-teacher associations, community infrastructure, and health, nutrition, water and sanitation conditions;
- (3) Information regarding the applicant's ability to become registered and operate in the targeted country;
- (4) Information about the applicant's past food aid projects;

- (5) Methods that the applicant proposes to use to involve indigenous institutions as well as local communities and governments in the development and implementation of the activities in order to foster local capacity building and leadership;
- (6) A budget that details the amount of any sale proceeds, income, and FAS-provided funds that the applicant proposes to use to fund:
 - (i) Administrative costs;
- (ii) Inland transportation, storage and handling costs; and
 - (iii) Activity costs;
- (7) A statement verifying the commitment of the government of the targeted country to work toward, through a national action plan, the goals of the World Declaration on Education for All convened in 1990 in Jomtien, Thailand, and the follow-up Dakar Framework for Action of the World Education Forum, convened in 2000; and
 - (8) A description of:
- (i) How the benefits of education, enrollment, and attendance of children in schools in the targeted communities will be sustained when the assistance under the McGovern-Dole Program terminates; and
- (ii) The estimated period of time required until the targeted country or the applicant would be able to sustain the program without additional assistance under the McGovern-Dole Program.
 - (d) A plan of operation shall include:
- (1) The name of the targeted country where the proposed activities would be implemented;
- (2) The kind, quantity, and proposed use of the commodities requested, and any commodities that would be acceptable substitutions therefor, and the proposed delivery schedule;
- (3) If monetization or barter is proposed:
- (i) The quantity of the requested commodities that would be sold or bartered:
- (ii) The amount of sale proceeds anticipated;
- (iii) The amount of income expected to be generated;
- (iv) The anticipated monetization completion date;

- (v) The goods or services to be generated from the barter of the requested commodities:
- (vi) The value of the goods or services anticipated to be generated from the barter of the requested commodities; and
- (vii) A justification for monetizing the requested commodities that discusses why monetization would provide a greater benefit than the receipt of FAS-provided funds to carry out activities.
- (4) A list of each of the activities that would be implemented, with a brief statement of the objectives to be accomplished under each activity:
- (5) For each proposed activity, the targeted geographic area, anticipated beneficiaries, and methods that the applicant would use to choose such beneficiaries, including obtaining and considering statistics on poverty levels, food deficits, literacy rates, and any other required items set forth on the FAS Web site at http://www.fas.usda.gov.
 - (6) For each proposed activity:
- (i) An explanation of whether the activity would be carried out through the distribution or barter of the requested commodities or funded by FAS-provided funds, sale proceeds, income, or a combination thereof; and
- (ii) The amount of commodities and FAS-provided funds requested, and of any sale proceeds and income expected to be generated, to carry out such activity; and
- (iii) A detailed description of the activity, including the steps involved in its implementation and the anticipated completion date;
- (7) Any cash or non-cash contributions that the applicant expects to receive from non-FAS sources that:
- (i) Are critical to the implementation of the proposed activities; or
- (ii) Enhance the implementation of the activities;
- (8) Any subrecipient that would be involved and a description of each subrecipient's responsibilities and its capability to perform responsibilities;
- (9) Any governmental or nongovernmental entities that would be involved and the extent to which the McGovernDole Program will strengthen or increase the capabilities of such entities

to further educational and economic development in the targeted country;

- (10) The method by which the applicant intends to inform beneficiaries of an activity about the source of the requested commodities or funding for the activity and, where the beneficiaries will be receiving the commodities directly, how to prepare and use them properly;
- (11) Established baselines, a timeline, and proposed outcomes that would enable FAS to measure the applicant's progress towards achieving the objectives of the proposed activities and the McGovern-Dole Program, which include:
- (i) Increased enrollment and attendance rates, especially for girls;
- (ii) Improved student achievement levels through improvements in the learning environment;
- (iii) Improved maternal, child and student health and nutrition;
- (iv) Attracting non-FAS contributions to development activities;
- (v) Enabling community support for infrastructure development; and
- (vi) Increased government and community support in education;
- (12) If the proposed activities would involve the use of sale proceeds or income:
- (i) The process that the applicant would use to sell the requested commodities, including steps the applicant would take to use, to the extent possible, the private sector in the monetization process; and
- (ii) The procedures that the applicant would use to assure that sale proceeds and income are received and deposited into a separate, interest-bearing account and disbursed from such account for use only in accordance with the agreement;
- (13) A description of any port, transportation, storage, and warehouse facilities that would be used with sufficient detail to demonstrate that they would be adequate to handle the requested commodities without undue spoilage or waste, and, in cases where the applicant proposes to distribute some or all of the requested commodities, a description of how they would be transported from the receiving port to the point at which distribution is made to the beneficiaries;

- (14) Any reprocessing or repackaging of the requested commodities that would take place prior to the distribution, sale or barter by the applicant;
- (15) The action the applicant would take to ensure that any commodities to be distributed to beneficiaries, rather than sold, would be imported and distributed free from all customs, duties, tolls, and taxes:
- (16) A plan that shows how the requested commodities could be imported and distributed without a disruptive impact upon production, prices and marketing of the same or like products in the country where they will be delivered, and the extent to which any sale or barter of the requested commodities would displace or interfere with any sales that may otherwise be made by the applicant or any other entity in the country where they will be delivered; and
- (17) Any additional required items set forth on the FAS Web site at http://www.fas.usda.gov.

§ 1599.5 Agreements.

- (a) After FAS approves an applicant's proposal, FAS will develop an agreement in consultation with the applicant. The agreement will set forth the obligations of FAS and the participant. A participant must comply with the terms of the agreement to receive assistance.
- (b) A participant shall not use donated commodities, sale proceeds, income or FAS-provided funds for any activity or any expenses incurred by the participant prior to the date of the agreement or after the agreement is suspended or terminated, except as approved by FAS.
- (c) The agreement will include a budget that sets forth the maximum amounts of sale proceeds and FAS-provided funds that may be expended for various purposes under the agreement. A participant may make adjustments to this budget without prior approval from FAS only as specified in the agreement.
- (d) Prior to providing any donated commodities or FAS-provided funds to a participant under an agreement, FAS may require the participant to complete a training program administered by FAS that is designed to ensure that

the participant is aware of, and has the capacity to complete, all required reporting and audit functions set forth in this part.

- (e) A participant will be prohibited from using FAS-provided funds to acquire goods and services, either directly or indirectly through another party, from certain countries that will be specified in the agreement. Any violation of this provision of the agreement will be a basis for immediate termination by FAS of the agreement in addition to the imposition of any other applicable civil and criminal penalties.
- (f) The agreement will prohibit the sale or transshipment of the donated commodities to a country not specified in the agreement for as long as such donated commodities are controlled by the participant.
- (g) FAS may enter into a multicountry agreement in which donated commodities are delivered to one country and activities are carried out in another.
- (h) FAS may provide donated commodities and FAS-provided funds under a multiyear agreement contingent upon the availability of commodities and funds.

§1599.6 Payments.

- (a) If the participant arranges for transportation in accordance with §1599.7(b)(2), and the participant seeks payment directly, the participant shall, as specified in the agreement, either submit to FAS, or maintain on file and make available to FAS, the following documents:
- (1) A signed copy of the completed Form CCC-512:
- (2) The original, or a true copy of, each on-board bill of lading indicating the freight rate and signed by the originating carrier;
 - (3) For all non-containerized cargoes:
- (i) A signed copy of the Federal Grain Inspection Service (FGIS) Official Stowage Examination Certificate (Vessel Hold Certificate);
- (ii) A signed copy of the National Cargo Bureau Certificate of Readiness (Vessel Hold Inspection Certificate); and
- (iii) A signed copy of the National Cargo Bureau Certificate of Loading;

- (4) For all containerized cargoes, a copy of the FGIS Container Condition Inspection Certificate;
- (5) A signed copy of the liner booking note or charter party covering ocean transportation of the cargo;
- (6) In the case of charter shipments, a signed notice of arrival at the first discharge port, unless FAS has determined that circumstances of force majeure have prevented the vessel's arrival at the first port of discharge;
- (7) A request by the participant for reimbursement of freight, survey costs other than at load port, and other expenses approved by FAS indicating the amount due and accompanied by a certification from the carrier or other parties that payments have been received from the participant; and
- (8) A document on letterhead and signed by an officer or agent of the participant specifying the name of the entity to receive payment; the bank ABA number to which payment is to be made; the account number for the deposit at the bank; the participant's taxpayer identification number; and the type of the account into which the payment will be deposited.
- (b) If the participant arranges for transportation in accordance with §1599.7(b)(2), and the participant has used a freight forwarder, the participant shall cause the freight forwarder to submit the documents specified in §1599.6(a) in order to receive payment from FAS.
- (c) In no case will FAS reimburse a participant for demurrage costs or pay demurrage to any other entity.
- (d) If FAS has agreed to pay the costs of transporting, storing, and distributing the donated commodities from the designated port or point of entry, the participant will be reimbursed in the manner set forth in the agreement.
- (e) If the agreement authorizes the payment of FAS-provided funds, FAS will pay these funds to the participant on a reimbursement for expenses basis, except as provided in paragraph (f)(1) of this section. The participant shall request the payment of FAS-provided funds to reimburse it for authorized expenses in the manner set forth in the agreement.

- (f)(1) A participant may request an advance of the amount of funds specified in the agreement. FAS will not approve any request for an advance if:
- (i) It is received earlier than 60 days after the date of a previous advance made in connection with the same agreement; or
- (ii) Any required reports, as specified in §1499.13 and in the agreement, are more than six months in arrears.
- (2) Except as may otherwise be provided in the agreement, the participant shall deposit and maintain in a bank account located in the United States all funds advanced by FAS. The account shall be interest-bearing, unless the exceptions in §3019.22(k) of this title apply, or FAS determines that this requirement would constitute an undue burden. The participant shall remit semi-annually to FAS any interest earned on the advanced funds. The participant shall, no later than 10 days after the end of each calendar quarter, submit a financial statement to FAS accounting for all funds advanced and all interest earned.
- (3) The participant shall return to FAS any funds that are advanced by FAS if such funds have not been obligated as of the 180th day after the advance was made. Such funds and interest shall be transferred to FAS within 30 days of such date.
- (g) If a participant is required to pay funds to FAS in connection with an agreement, the participant shall make such payment in U.S. dollars, unless otherwise approved in advance by FAS.
- (h) Suppliers of commodities shall seek payment according to the purchase contract.

§ 1599.7 Transportation of goods.

- (a) Shipments of donated commodities are subject to the requirements of 46 U.S.C. 55305 and 55314, regarding carriage on U.S.-flag vessels.
- (b) Transportation of donated commodities and other goods such as bags that may be provided by FAS under the McGovern-Dole Program will be acquired under a specific agreement in the manner determined by FAS. Such transportation will be acquired by:
- (1) FAS in accordance with the Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), the Department's procurement regula-

- tions set forth in chapter 4 of title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations (the AGAR) and directives issued by the Director, Office of Procurement and Property Management, U.S. Department of Agriculture; or
- (2) The participant, with reimbursement by FAS, in the manner specified in the agreement.
- (c) A participant that acquires transportation in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section may only use the services of a freight forwarder that is licensed by the Federal Maritime Commission (FMC) and that would not have a conflict of interest in carrying out the freight forwarder duties. To assist FAS in determining whether there is a potential conflict of interest, the participant must submit to FAS a certification indicating that the freight forwarder:
- (1) Is not engaged, and will not engage, in supplying commodities or furnishing ocean transportation or ocean transportation-related services for commodities provided under any McGovern-Dole Program agreement to which the participant is a party; and
- (2) Is not affiliated with the participant and has not made arrangements to give or receive any payment, kickback, or illegal benefit in connection with its selection as an agent of the participant.
- (d) A participant that is responsible for transportation under paragraph (b)(2) of this section shall declare in the transportation contract the point at which the ocean carrier will take custody of commodities to be transported.

§ 1599.8 Entry and handling of commodities.

- (a) The participant shall make all necessary arrangements for receiving the donated commodities in the targeted country, including obtaining appropriate approvals for entry and transit. The participant shall store and maintain the donated commodities in good condition from the time of delivery at the port of entry or the point of receipt from the originating carrier until their distribution, sale or barter.
- (b) The participant shall, as provided in the agreement, arrange for transporting, storing, and distributing the

donated commodities from the designated point and time where title to the commodity passes to the participant by contracting directly with suppliers of services, as set forth in the agreement.

- (c)(1) If a participant arranges for the packaging or repackaging of donated commodities that are to be distributed, the participant shall ensure that the packaging:
- (i) Is plainly labeled in the language of the targeted country;
- (ii) Contains the name of the donated commodities;
- (iii) Includes a statement indicating that the donated commodities are furnished by the people of the United States of America; and
- (iv) Includes a statement indicating that the donated commodities shall not be sold, exchanged or bartered.
- (2) If a participant arranges for the reprocessing and repackaging of donated commodities that are to be distributed, the participant shall ensure that the packaging:
- (i) Is plainly labeled in the language of the targeted country;
- (ii) Contains the name of the reprocessed product;
- (iii) Includes a statement indicating that the reprocessed product was made with commodities furnished by the people of the United States of America; and
- (iv) Includes a statement indicating that the reprocessed product shall not be sold, exchanged or bartered;
- (3) If a participant distributes donated commodities that are not packaged, the participant shall, to the extent practicable, display:
- (i) Banners, posters or other media informing the public of the name and source of the donated commodities; and
- (ii) A statement that the donated commodities may not be sold, exchanged, or bartered.
- (d) A participant shall arrange with the government of the targeted country that all donated commodities to be distributed will be imported and distributed free from all customs, duties, tolls, and taxes. A participant is encouraged to make similar arrangements, where possible, with the government of the country where donated

commodities to be sold or bartered are delivered.

§ 1599.9 Damage to or loss of commodities.

- (a) FAS will be responsible for the donated commodities prior to the transfer of title to the commodities to the participant. The participant will be responsible for the donated commodities following the transfer of title to the commodities to the participant. The title will transfer as specified in the agreement.
- (b) A participant shall inform FAS, in the manner and within the time period set forth in the agreement, of any damage to or loss of the donated commodities that occurs following the transfer of title to the commodities to the participant. The participant shall take all steps necessary to protect its interests and the interests of FAS with respect to any damage to or loss of the donated commodities that occurs after title has been transferred to the participant. The agreement will specify whether the participant is responsible for obtaining a survey in the event that the donated commodities are damaged or lost following the transfer of title to the commodities to the participant.
- (c) If the donated commodities are damaged or lost during the time that they are in the care of the carrier:
- (1) And either FAS or the participant engages the services of an independent cargo surveyor, the surveyor will provide to FAS and the participant any report, narrative chronology or other commentary that it prepares;
- (2) FAS and the participant will provide to each other the names and addresses of any individuals known to be present at the time of discharge or during the survey who can verify the quantity of damaged or lost commodities:
- (3) And the participant engages the services of the surveyor, FAS will reimburse the participant for the reasonable costs, as determined by FAS, of the survey, unless:
- (i) The participant was required by the agreement to pay for the survey:
- (ii) The survey was a delivery survey and the surveyor did not also prepare a discharge survey; or

- (iii) The survey was not conducted contemporaneously with the discharge of the vessel, unless FAS determines that such action was justified under the circumstances:
- (4) Any survey obtained by the participant shall, to the extent practicable, be conducted jointly by the surveyor, the participant, and the carrier, and the survey report shall be signed by all parties;
- (5) And the damage or loss occurred with respect to a bulk grain shipment, if the agreement provides that the participant is responsible for survey and outturn reports, the participant shall obtain the services of an independent cargo surveyor to:
- (i) Observe the discharge of the cargo;
- (ii) Report on discharging methods, including scale type, calibrations and any other factor that may affect the accuracy of scale weights, and, if scales are not used, state the reason therefor and describe the actual method used to determine weight;
- (iii) Estimate the quantity of cargo, if any, lost during discharge through carrier negligence;
- (iv) Advise on the quality of sweepings:
- (v) Obtain copies of port or vessel records, if possible, showing the quantity discharged; and
- (vi) Notify the participant immediately if the surveyor has reason to believe that the correct quantity was not discharged or if additional services are necessary to protect the cargo; and
- (6) And the damage or loss occurred with respect to a container shipment, if the agreement provides that the participant is responsible for survey and outturn reports, the participant shall engage the services of an independent cargo surveyor to list the container numbers and seal numbers shown on the containers, indicate whether the seals were intact at the time the containers were opened, and note whether the containers were in any way damaged.
- (d) If the participant has title to the donated commodities, and the value of any damaged donated commodities is in excess of \$1,000, the participant shall immediately arrange for an inspection by a public health official or other

- competent authority approved by FAS and provide to FAS a certification by such public health official or other competent authority regarding the exact quantity and condition of the damaged commodities. The value of damaged donated commodities shall be determined on the basis of the commodity acquisition, transportation, and related costs incurred by CCC with respect to such commodities. The participant shall inform FAS of the results of the inspection and indicate whether the damaged commodities are:
- (1) Fit for the use authorized in the agreement and, if so, whether there has been a diminution in quality; or
- (2) Unfit for the use authorized in the agreement.
- (e)(1) If the participant has title to the donated commodities, the participant shall arrange for the recovery of that portion of the donated commodities designated as suitable for the use authorized in the agreement. The participant shall dispose of donated commodities that are unfit for such use in the following order of priority:
- (i) Sale for the most appropriate use, *i.e.*, animal feed, fertilizer, industrial use, or another use approved by FAS, at the highest obtainable price;
- (ii) Donation to a governmental or charitable organization for use as animal feed or for other non-food use; or
- (iii) Destruction of the commodities if they are unfit for any use, in such manner as to prevent their use for any purpose.
- (2) The participant shall arrange for all U.S. Government markings to be obliterated or removed before the donated commodities are transferred by sale or donation.
- (f) A participant may retain any proceeds generated by the disposal of the donated commodities in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this section and shall use the proceeds for expenses related to the disposal of the donated commodities and for activities specified in the agreement.
- (g) The participant shall notify FAS immediately and provide detailed information about the actions taken in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section, including the quantities, values and dispositions of commodities determined to be unfit.

§ 1599.10 Claims for damage to or loss of commodities.

- (a) FAS will be responsible for claims arising out of damage to or loss of a quantity of the donated commodities prior to the transfer of title to the commodities to the participant.
- (b) If the participant has title to the donated commodities, and the value of the damaged or lost donated commodities is estimated to be \$20,000 or greater, the participant will be responsible for:
- (1) Initiating a claim arising out of such damage or loss, including actions relating to collections pursuant to commercial insurance contracts; and
- (2) Notifying FAS immediately and providing detailed information about the circumstances surrounding such damage or loss, the quantity of damaged or lost donated commodities, and the value of the damage or loss.
- (c) If the participant has title to the donated commodities, and the value of the damaged or lost donated commodities is estimated to be less than \$20,000, the participant will be responsible for providing detailed information about the damage or loss in the next report required to be filed under \$1599.13(c)(1) or (2) and shall not be required to initiate a claim collection action.
- (d)(1) The value of a claim for lost donated commodities shall be determined on the basis of the commodity acquisition, transportation, and related costs incurred by FAS with respect to such commodities.
- (2) The value of a claim for damaged donated commodities shall be determined on the basis of the commodity acquisition, transportation, and related costs incurred by FAS with respect to such commodities, less any funds generated if such commodities are sold in accordance with §1599.9(e)(1).
- (e) If FAS determines that a participant is not exercising due diligence in the pursuit of a claim, FAS may require the participant to assign its rights to pursue the claim to FAS.
- (f)(1) The participant may retain any funds obtained as a result of a claims collection action initiated by it in accordance with this section, or recovered pursuant to any insurance policy

- or other similar form of indemnification, but such funds shall only be expended for purposes approved in advance by FAS.
- (2) FAS will retain any funds obtained as a result of a claims collection action initiated by it under this section; provided, however, that if the participant paid for the freight or a portion thereof, FAS will use a portion of such funds to reimburse the participant for such expense on a prorated basis

§ 1599.11 Use of commodities and sale proceeds.

- (a) A participant must use the donated commodities in accordance with the agreement.
- (b) A participant shall not permit the distribution, handling, or allocation of donated commodities on the basis of political affiliation, geographic location, or the ethnic, tribal or religious identity or affiliation of the potential consumers or beneficiaries.
- (c) A participant shall not permit the distribution, handling, or allocation of donated commodities by the military forces or any government or insurgent group without the specific authorization of FAS.
- (d) A participant may sell or barter donated commodities only if such sale or barter is provided for in the agreement or the participant is disposing of damaged commodities as specified in §1599.9. The participant shall sell the donated commodities at a reasonable market price in the economy where the sale occurs. The participant shall use any sale proceeds, income, or goods or services derived from the sale or barter of the donated commodities only as provided in the agreement.
- (e) The participant shall deposit all sale proceeds and income into a separate, interest-bearing account unless the exceptions in §3019.22(k) of this title apply, the account is in a country where the laws or customs prohibit the payment of interest, or FAS determines that this requirement would constitute an undue burden.
- (f) A participant may use sale proceeds or income to purchase real or personal property only if local law permits the participant to retain title to

such property. However, the participant shall not use sale proceeds or income to pay for the acquisition, development, construction, alteration or upgrade of real property that is:

- (1) Owned or managed by a church or other organization engaged exclusively in religious pursuits; or
- (2) Used in whole or in part for sectarian purposes, except that a participant may use sale proceeds or income to pay for repairs to or rehabilitation of a structure located on such real property to the extent necessary to avoid spoilage or loss of donated commodities, but only if such structure is not used in whole or in part for any religious or sectarian purposes while the donated commodities are stored in it. If such use is not specifically provided for in the agreement, such use may only occur after receipt of written approval from FAS.
- (g) A participant shall endeavor to comply with §§ 3019.41 through 3019.43 of this title when procuring goods and services and when engaging in construction work to implement agreement. The participant shall also establish procedures to prevent fraud. As provided for in the agreement, the participant shall enter into a written contract with each provider of goods, services or construction work that requires the provider to maintain adequate records to account for all donated commodities or funds or both provided to the provider by the participant and to submit periodic reports to the participant. The participant shall submit a copy of the signed contracts to FAS.

$\S 1599.12$ Subrecipients.

(a) If provided for in the agreement, a participant may utilize the services of a subrecipient to implement activities under this agreement. The participant shall enter into a written subagreement with the subrecipient, and provide a copy of such subagreement to FAS, in the manner set forth in the agreement, prior to the transfer of any donated commodities, sale proceeds, income or FAS-provided funds to the subrecipient. Such written subagreement shall require the subrecipient to pay to the participant the value of any donated commodities, sale proceeds,

income, or FAS-provided cash funds that are not used in accordance with the subagreement or are lost, damaged, or misused as a result of the subrecipient's failure to exercise reasonable care.

- (b) If a participant demonstrates to FAS that it is not feasible to enter into a subagreement with a subrecipient, FAS may grant approval to proceed without a subagreement; provided, however, that the participant must obtain such approval from FAS prior to transferring any donated commodities, sale proceeds, income, or FAS-provided funds to the subrecipient.
- (c) The participant shall monitor the actions of a subrecipient as necessary to ensure that donated commodities or funds provided to the subrecipient are used for authorized purposes in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and the agreement and that performance goals are achieved. The participant shall provide in the subagreement that the subrecipient must comply with applicable provisions of the regulations set forth in Chapter XXX of this title.

§ 1599.13 Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

- (a) A program participant shall retain records and permit access to records in accordance with the requirements of §3019.53 of this title. The date of submission of the final expenditure report, as referenced in §3019.53(b) of this title, shall be the final date of submission of the forms required by paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section, as prescribed by FAS.
- (b) A participant shall, within 30 days after export of all or a portion of the donated commodities, submit evidence of such export to FAS, in the manner set forth in the agreement. The evidence may be submitted through an electronic media approved by FAS or by providing the carrier's on board bill of lading. The evidence of export must show the kind and quantity of commodities exported, the date of export, and the country where commodities were delivered.
- (c)(1) A participant shall submit to FAS information, using a form as prescribed by FAS, covering the receipt, handling and disposition of the donated

commodities. Such report shall be submitted to FAS, by the dates and for the reporting periods specified in the program agreement, until all of the donated commodities have been distributed, sold or bartered and such disposition has been reported to FAS.

- (2) If the agreement authorizes the sale or barter of donated commodities, the participant shall submit to FAS information, using a form as prescribed by FAS, covering the receipt and use of sale proceeds and income, and, in the case of bartered commodities, covering the services and goods derived from the barter of donated commodities. Such reports shall be submitted to FAS, by the dates and for the reporting periods specified in the agreement, until all of the sale proceeds and income have been disbursed and reported to FAS. When reporting financial information, the participant shall include the amounts in U.S. dollars and the exchange rate.
- (3) The participant shall report, in the manner specified in the agreement, its progress, measured against established baselines, towards achieving the objectives of the activities under the agreement.
- (4) The participant shall retain copies of and make available to FAS all barter receipts, contracts or other documents related to the barter of the donated commodities and the services or goods derived from such barter, for a minimum of two years after the agreement has been closed out.
- (5) The participant shall provide to FAS additional information or reports relating to the agreement if requested by FAS.
- (d) A participant shall submit to FAS, in the manner specified in the agreement, an annual audit in accordance with §3019.26 of this title. If FAS requires an annual financial audit with respect to a particular agreement, and FAS provides funds for this purpose, the participant shall arrange for such audit and submit to FAS, in the manner specified in the agreement.
- (e)(1) A participant shall, as provided in the agreement, submit to FAS interim and final evaluations of the implementation of the agreement. Unless otherwise provided in the agreement, the evaluations shall be submitted at the mid-point and end-point of the im-

plementation period. The participant shall arrange for the evaluations to be conducted by an independent third party that:

- (i) Is financially and legally separate from the participant's organization;
- (ii) Has staff with demonstrated knowledge, analytical capability, language skills and experience in conducting evaluations of development programs involving agriculture, education, and nutrition;
- (iii) Uses acceptable analytical frameworks such as comparison with non-project areas, surveys, involvement of stakeholders in the evaluation, and statistical analyses:
- (iv) Uses local consultants, as appropriate, to conduct portions of the evaluation; and
- (v) Provides a detailed outline of the evaluation, major tasks, and specific schedules prior to initiating the evaluation.
- (2) Receipt by FAS of the evaluations referred to in paragraph (e)(1) of this section is a condition for the participant to retain any funds provided by FAS to carry out the evaluations.
- (f) A participant shall submit to FAS the financial reports and information outlined in §3019.52 of this title. The agreement will specify the acceptable forms and time requirements for submission.

§ 1599.14 Noncompliance with an agreement.

If a participant fails to comply with a term of an agreement, FAS may take one or more of the enforcement actions set forth in §3019.62 of this title and, if appropriate, initiate a claim against the participant. FAS may also initiate a claim against a participant if the donated commodities are damaged or lost or the sale proceeds, income, or FAS-provided funds are lost due to an action or omission of the participant.

§ 1599.15 Suspension, termination, and closeouts of agreements.

- (a) An agreement may be suspended or terminated by FAS if it determines that:
- (1) The continuation of the assistance provided under the agreement is no longer necessary or desirable; or

- (2) Storage facilities are inadequate to prevent spoilage or waste, or distribution of the donated commodities will result in substantial disincentive to, or interference with, domestic production or marketing in the targeted country.
- (b) An agreement may be terminated in accordance with §3019.61 of this title. If an agreement is terminated, the participant shall:
- (1) Be responsible for the safety of any undistributed donated commodities and dispose of such commodities only as agreed to by FAS; and
- (2) Follow the closeout procedures in §§ 3019.71 through 3019.73 of this title.
- (c) An agreement will be considered completed when FAS and the participant have fulfilled their responsibilities under the agreement or the agreement has been terminated. The proce-

dures in §§ 3019.71 through 3019.73 of this title will apply to the closeout of a completed agreement.

§1599.16 Appeals.

A participant may appeal a determination arising under this part to FAS. Such appeal will be in writing and submitted to the FAS official and in the manner set forth in the agreement. The participant will be given an opportunity to have a hearing before a final decision is made regarding its appeal.

§1599.17 Paperwork Reduction Act.

The information collection requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by OMB under provisions of 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35 and have been assigned OMB Number 0551–0035.